

# Initiative & Referendum Institute's

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## 2000 Election Post-Election Report

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## 2000 General Election Post Election Report

As many of you are aware, this has been a very unusual election cycle. Many of the returns are still coming in and so some of the results could change slightly. However, we do not expect any of the actual results (pass/fail) to change. We are in the process of compiling a more comprehensive post election analysis but until that is completed we thought we would provide you with this overview. This analysis doesn't include a listing of what passed or failed but that information can be obtained through the "Election Results" button found on the BallotWatch website.

### General observations

The voters turned out on Tuesday to cast their ballots on 204 statewide ballot measures in 42 states and approved approximately 63% of them. 71 were placed on the ballot by the people and 133 were placed on the ballot by the state legislatures. Of the measures placed on the ballot by the people, 48% were approved. This number is a little higher than the 100-year average of 41% but a lot lower than 1998's passage rate of 61%. In looking at the measures placed on the ballot by the state legislatures, the voters continued the trend of passing those at a higher percentage than citizen measures by adopting almost 71% of them.

The overriding theme of this election when discussing ballot measures is that the voters were cautious. Almost every measure that could be labeled "far reaching" was voted down with the only exception being the voter approval of the ban on same sex marriage in both Nebraska and Nevada.

But another theme, which has been constant throughout the years, is the fact that you can't put voters in a box when it comes to voting on ballot measures. There is a tendency to label them conservative or liberal. But the problem is that voters aren't always conservative or liberal on every issue. The beauty of the initiative process is that it allows voters the opportunity to vote for issues across all philosophical lines – it's like a smorgasbord. This election proved this point once again. Washington State was the example in 1998 in which the voters approved a liberal issue – an increase in the minimum wage, a conservative issue – the end of racial preferences and a libertarian issue – the medicinal use of marijuana. This election cycle the example is Massachusetts. Most people think of the Bay State as liberal, yet this election cycle they voted against every single liberal initiative – ban on greyhound racing, universal health care and drug policy reform and approved what is commonly thought of as a conservative issue – a tax cut. This election, like previous elections, taught us that the voters, when given a choice on an initiative, will transcend party lines and vote their conscience on issues.

## How did the top ten fair? <sup>1</sup>

Prior to the election, the Institute issued its top ten list of issues to watch on Election Day. Let's look at how they fared along with some other interesting election results.

**Issue 1 - Animal Protection:** Initiatives dealing with animal protection were voted on in Massachusetts (banning dog racing), Montana (banning game farms), Oregon (banning traps and poisons) and Washington State (banning traps and poisons). Additionally, there was a popular referendum on the Alaska ballot on the legislature's attempt to allow hunters to use airplanes to land and shoot wolves on the same day they fly. The animal protection movement had an impressive win record with initiatives – primarily due to the support of the Humane Society of the United States and their growing knowledge and expertise in using the initiative process to accomplish their reform. This election cycle saw a continuation of that winning streak though it wasn't as "perfect" as previous elections. They won in Alaska, Montana and Washington State but lost in Massachusetts and Oregon.

**Issue 2 - Drug Policy Reform:** The biggest "winner" on Tuesday seems to have been the drug policy reform movement. The medical marijuana movement supported by George Soros and friends that dominated the 1998 ballot was back. With the exception of the medical marijuana initiatives that were voted on in Colorado and Nevada they changed their focus to reforming asset forfeiture laws and how non-violent drug offenders are sentenced. Initiatives dealing with these issues were voted on in California, Massachusetts, Oregon and Utah. They won in California (drug treatment), Colorado (medical marijuana), Utah (asset forfeiture reform), Oregon (asset forfeiture reform) and Nevada (medical marijuana). Their only defeat was in Massachusetts (drug treatment). The legalizing of marijuana for recreational use, which was not part of the drug policy reform efforts sponsored by George Soros, was defeated in Alaska.

**Issue 3 - Education Reform:** School choice advocates had hoped that this was the year of redemption. There had never been a successful school choice initiative primarily because of the tremendous amount of time, energy and money the teachers' unions had spent against these measures. This year proved no different. The anticipated "Goliath versus Goliath" fight - pitting the millions of dollars of the unions against billionaire Tim Draper of California, Microsoft billionaire Paul Allen in Washington State and the almost limitless purse of

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<sup>1</sup> This list is totally subjective and could change. The Institute takes no position on any of these measures and is only providing this information for educational purposes. Nothing in this report should be construed as an endorsement of any specific issue or subject matter.

Amway founders Betsy and Dick DeVos in Michigan was exactly that. These three measures will account for almost 50% of all the money spent pro/con on initiatives this election cycle coming in at around \$100 million dollars.

These losses, coupled with victories in California (lower the threshold for passing local school bonds), Colorado (increased funding for public education), Oregon (increase funding for public education) and Washington State (increase teacher's pay and reduce class sizes) equaled a good year for the advocates of additional funding for public education.

**Issue 4 – Guns:** The NRA was largely silent this election cycle when it came to regulations on guns. Gun control advocates had big victories in Colorado and Oregon with measures that will require that persons purchasing guns at gun shows be subject to background checks. These victories have emboldened the advocates of gun control and will no doubt lead to other gun control measures in the very near future.

**Issue 5 – Health Care Reform:** Many people have placed the defeat of universal health care in Massachusetts as a big defeat for the health care reform movement, but in reality it was a victory for them. The mere fact that the measure was on the ballot served as the 800-pound gorilla that prompted the state legislature to pass a “watered down version” of the measure. This has prompted activist in other states to push for this reform in hopes that it would prompt legislators in other states to act.

**Issue 6 - Physician-Assisted Suicide:** This issue has had its ups and downs at the ballot box - big victories in Oregon and a devastating loss in Michigan in 1998. It looks as though they have been dealt another blow. Voters in Maine chose not to adopt their proposed death with dignity law but I wouldn't count the movement down for the count.

**Issue 7 - Same-Sex Marriage/ Gay Rights:** The ban on same sex marriages was the new trend to watch at the ballot box. The issue was first tested in Hawaii and in Alaska in 1998 and in California earlier this year. From these victories the proponents of this issue moved inland placing the issue on the ballots in Nebraska and Nevada where they both passed handily giving rise to the chances that this reform is here to stay. With these two victories, and the failure of a measure in Maine prohibiting discrimination based on sexual orientation, it was not a good year for gay rights advocates.

**Issue 8 – Taxes:** Tax reform was a mixed bag as well. As we all know, this reform has been an issue on the ballot since the initiative process was first established but its dominance has grown since 1978's Proposition 13 in California. Tax cutters suffered some big defeats with voters in Alaska (property tax relief), Colorado (lower taxes on certain items) and Oregon (allowing for the full deduction of

federal income taxes off your state taxes) choosing not to go along with these changes. However, these losses are offset by big victories in Massachusetts (reducing income taxes), South Dakota (abolishing the inheritance tax) and in Washington State (declaring null and void certain tax or fee increases adopted without voter approval by state and local governments). Regardless of these outcomes, the tax revolt is here to stay and will almost certainly be a permanent fixture on state ballots.

**Issue 9 - Ending Bi-Lingual Education:** Arizonans voted overwhelmingly to eliminate bi-lingual education in their state. This strong showing, coupled with all the positive reports associated with its passage in California and the impact it has had on education in that state, has given rise to the strong prospects that this reform will be voted on in future elections.

**Issue 10 - Environmental Reform:** Environmental reform took a beating this election with defeats in Oregon (takings law), Colorado (growth limitations), Arizona (growth limitations), Maine (clear cutting) and Missouri (banning billboards). Their only major victory seems to have been in Florida with the passage of the initiative creating a statewide rail system. These defeats may give a little pause to environmental reformers but there is no doubt that these types of measures will be a frequent visitor to a ballot near you.

### **Honorable Mentions**

In addition to the top ten themes above, a couple of other issues are worth mentioning.

**1) Campaign Finance Reform:** In a surprise development, both campaign finance reform measures that appeared on the ballot were defeated overwhelmingly – one in Missouri and one in Oregon. It is hard to say exactly what this means to the movement but after big victories in 1998 it will almost certainly give some pause to the movement.

**2) Initiative and Referendum / Voters Rights:** As we have discussed many times before there has been a serious effort across the country to make the initiative process more difficult – but the voters continue to say no. Voters in Nebraska voted against an attempt to shorten the circulation period for initiatives as well as a measure that would have required two votes before a constitutional amendment could become law. The voters of Alaska and Arizona said no to efforts to limit the ability of reformers to propose certain types of initiatives. However, even with these victories, there is no doubt that state legislators will have their sights on the initiative and referendum process next year.

**3) Term Limits:** One of the most successful movements using the initiative process put another one in the win column. Nebraska became the 19<sup>th</sup> state to impose term limits on their state lawmakers. There are only two other states that term limit laws could theoretically be imposed using the initiative process and they are North Dakota and Mississippi.

## 2002 General Election Results

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
AK	LA	Ballot Measure #1	Initiative and Referendum	Would prohibit voters from putting initiatives or referendums on the ballot dealing with wildlife and hunting.	Fail
AK	LA	Ballot Measure #2	Courts / Constitutional Amendments	Proposing amendments to the Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to amendments to the state constitution and providing that a court may not change language of a proposed constitutional amendment or revision.	Fail
AK	LA	Ballot Measure #3	Public Corporations	Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Alaska relating to public corporations.	Fail
AK	DS	Ballot Measure #4	Capping Property Taxes	This bill sets the value of property at its assessment on January 1 of the first year the bill is in effect.	Fail
AK	DS	Ballot Measure #5	Legalizing Hemp	This bill would shield those 18 years or older from civil and criminal sanctions for the use of marijuana and other hemp products.	Fail
AK	PR	Ballot Measure #6	Hunting	This referendum would refer to the voters for approval or rejection a law that allows hunters to fly into an area where the Alaska game board has established a wolf control program and, on the same day, land and shoot a wolf.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 1	Establishes State Improvement Trust Fund	Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to establish the County and Municipal Government Capital Improvement Trust Fund and the Alabama Capital Improvement Trust Fund.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 2	Allows Interracial Marriages	Would delete the amendment that prohibits the Legislature from authorizing marriages between any white person and a black person.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 3	State Trust Fund Allocation	Proposes an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to provide that the counties and incorporated municipalities in the state receive at least 10 percent of the trust income from the Alabama Trust Fund when the preceding fiscal year trust income exceeds \$60,000,000.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 4	Ad Valorem Taxes	To propose an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to repeal the provision that no district ad valorem tax shall be voted upon or collected except in those counties that are levying and collecting a special countywide ad valorem tax.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 5	Structure of Board of Trustees	Proposing an amendment to Amendment No. 161 to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to provide that the Board of Trustees of Auburn University consist of one member from each of the congressional districts in the state as constituted on January 1, 1961, one member from Lee County, the current State Superintendent of Education, four at-large members each of whom shall reside in the continental United States, and the Governor; to provide for appointments by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and for a nominating process established by statute; to provide for terms of office; to provide for the time of relinquishing office; and to provide for a quorum.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
AL	LA	Amendment No. 6	Supernumerary Program	Relating to Chilton County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to phase out the supernumerary system for certain election public officials and allow them to participate in the Employees' Retirement System. (Proposed by Act No. 1999-319)	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 7	Supernumerary Program	Relating to Clay County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to phase out the supernumerary system for certain public officials and allow elected or appointed county officials, as defined, to participate in the Employees' Retirement System.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 8	Supernumerary Program	Relating to Fayette County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to require the county commission to levy an additional ad valorem tax for fire protection and rescue squads in Fayette County. (Proposed by Act No. 2000-402)	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 9	Supernumerary Program	Relating to Greene County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to authorize the Legislature to fix, alter, and regulate court costs in the county.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 10	Supernumerary Program	Proposes an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, pertaining only to Lowndes County, to prohibit the participation of certain elected or appointed county officials in the supernumerary program and provide for the elimination of that supernumerary program.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 11	Supernumerary Program	Relating to The Town of White Hall located in Lowndes County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, authorizing the operation of bingo games by nonprofit organizations for charitable, educational, and other lawful purposes.	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 12	Supernumerary Program	Relating to Marion County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to phase out the supernumerary system for certain elected public officials and allow them to participate in the Employees' Retirement System. (Proposed by Act No. 1999-302)	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 13	Supernumerary Program	Relating to Sumter County, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, to phase out the supernumerary system for certain elected public officials and allow them to participate in the Employees' Retirement System. (Proposed by Act No. 2000-62)	Pass
AL	LA	Amendment No. 14	Supernumerary Program	Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, relating to Winston County, to authorize the Winston County Commission to levy a three-mill ad valorem tax for maintenance of public roads and for volunteer fire protection. (Proposed by Act No. 2000-405)	Pass
AR	DS	Proposed Initiated Act 1	Tobacco settlement	Would designate how the tobacco settlement proceeds are dedicated	Pass
AZ	LA	Proposition 100	Growth Limitation	Amends Arizona Constitution to permit designating up to 3% (approximately 270,00 acres) of state trust lands for conservation, exchanging lands for other public lands for open space conservation, donating lands for public school sites, extending agricultural and grazing leases beyond ten years without auction to promote stewardship and productivity.	Fail

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
AZ	LA	Proposition 101	Changing constitutional wording	Amends Arizona Constitution to modernize language referring to people with mental disabilities; replaces the voting age of 21 in the Arizona constitution with age 18.	Pass
AZ	LA	Proposition 102	Initiative and Referendum	Amends Arizona Constitution to create constitutional requirement that the state manage wildlife in public trust and require that initiatives that permit, limit, or prohibit taking of wildlife, including methods or seasons for taking wildlife, shall not become law unless approved by 2/3rds of the votes cast on the proposition.	Fail
AZ	LA	Proposition 103	Term Limits	Amends Arizona Constitution to increase number of Corporation Commissioners from 3 to 5; permits commissioners to serve 2 consecutive terms; requires phase-in for two new commissioners beginning at 2002 General Election; changes term of office for Corporate Commissioner from 6 to 4 years.	Pass
AZ	LA	Proposition 104	Residential Property Taxes	Amending Arizona Constitution relating to residential property tax valuation; freezes value of a qualified person's primary residence for Arizona resident over age 65 who resided at property at least 2 years before applying for exemption, and income does not exceed 400% of supplemental security income benefit rate (500% for couples.)	Pass
AZ	LA	Proposition 105	Public debt, revenue, taxation	Would exempt from property taxation cemetery property set aside for burial or interment of dead human beings.	Pass
AZ	DA	Proposition 106	Redistricting	This citizen-sponsored Arizona Constitutional amendment will create a new "citizens' independent redistricting commission" to draw new legislative and congressional district boundaries after each U.S. Census. This amendment takes the redistricting power away from the Arizona Legislature and puts it in the hands of a politically neutral commission of citizens who are not achieve in partisan politics and who will serve without pay to create fair districts that are not "gerrymandered" for any party's or incumbent's advantage.	Pass
AZ	DA	Proposition 108	Telecommunication Deregulation	Amending Arizona Constitution to end rate making by the Corporate Commission of local telephone rates where service is available from two or more competing providers; allowing rates to be set by competing providers; and providing alternative methods for Commission rate making where service is not available from competing providers.	Fail
AZ	DS	Proposition 200	Tobacco Settlement Funds	The Healthy Children Healthy Families initiative uses Arizona's tobacco settlement money to: Provide health insurance for uninsured working parents; Strengthen kids care, Arizona's program for uninsured children; Help children start school ready to learn through new efforts for child abuse prevention, prenatal outreach, family mentoring and expanding preschool opportunities; Promote early detection and prevention of cancer, heart and lung disease and strokes; Assist older Arizonans with their health care needs; Protect Arizona's programs for preventing and reducing tobacco use. Let's use tobacco industry payments for health care and prevention for Arizona families.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
AZ	DS	Proposition 202	Urban growth	This initiative would require cities and counties to adopt growth management plans to limit urban sprawl. The plans would have to set urban growth boundaries, limit development and new city services outside the boundaries, require developers to pay for roads and schools to serve new subdivisions, and protect air and water quality. Plans could not be substantially changed without voter approval, and citizens could adopt plans and amendments by initiative. The initiative would also limit wildcat subdivisions, provide for public access to state conservation lands, and amend existing laws to conform them to the initiative.	Fail
AZ	DS	Proposition 203	Bilingual Education	Requires that all public school instruction be conducted in English. Children not fluent in English shall normally be placed in an intensive one-year English immersion program to teach them the language as quickly as possible while also learning academic subjects. Parent may request a waiver of these requirements for children who already know English, are ten years or older, or have special needs best suited to a different educational approach. Normal foreign language programs are completely unaffected.	Pass
AZ	DS	Proposition 204	Tobacco Settlement Funds	Funds the Healthy Arizona Initiative passed in 1996; increases eligibility of working poor at federal poverty level for health care coverage through AHCCCS (Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System); funds health education, nutrition and prevention programs; funds premium sharing and other health care programs with tobacco litigation settlement monies.	Pass
AZ	LS	Proposition 300	Legislative pay	The Commission on Salaries for Elective State Officers put this measure on the ballot that recommends that the salaries of state legislators be increased to \$30,000.	Fail
AZ	LS	Proposition 301	Education	Increases education funding with 6/10ths of a cent state sales and use tax increase; for K-12: funds teacher pay, lower class size, 5 more school days, building improvement bond issuance; for higher education: funds workforce development, technology, research; limits certain school-related property tax rates; provided low income household tax credit.	Pass
CA	LS	Proposition 32	Veterans Bonds	Veterans' Bond Act of 2000	Pass
CA	LA	Proposition 33	Legislative pay	Legislature: retirement. An act to amend section 4.5 of article iv, relating to the legislature.	Fail
CA	LS	Proposition 34	Campaign finance	Campaign Contributions and Expenditures. An act to amend sections of the Government Code relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974 and calling a special election to be consolidated with the general election of November 7, 2000.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
CA	DA	Proposition 35	Government Contracting	Overrides constitutional restrictions to allow state, local contracting with private entities for engineering and architectural services in all phases of public works projects; exempts such services from constitutional requirement to use civil service workforce. Requires competitive selection process for awarding contracts. Mandates compliance with rules regarding conflicts of interest, political contributions, unlawful activities. Subjects contracts for engineering and architectural services to standard accounting practices, with financial and performance audits where necessary. Requires two-thirds vote of each house for legislative amendments.	Pass
CA	DS	Proposition 36	Drug Treatment	Requires drug treatment program and probation for certain non-violent drug possession offenses and similar parole violations not including sale, production or manufacture. Permits court to impose additional conditions of probation but not incarceration. Specifies procedures for determining probation or parole violation and consequences. Authorizes dismissal of charges upon successful completion of treatment but requires disclosure of arrest and conviction to law enforcement and as necessary for candidates, peace officers, licensure, contracting with State Lottery, jury service. Requires studies of this measure's effectiveness. Appropriates state funds for drug treatment program through 2005-2006.	Pass
CA	DA	Proposition 37	Taxes and fees	Redefines as taxes any compulsory fees enacted by state or local government after July 1, 1999 to monitor, study or mitigate societal or economic effects of activity where such fees impose no regulatory obligation on the payer. Requires two-thirds vote of Legislature to approve such state fees; majority or two-thirds vote of local electorate for local fees.	Fail
CA	DA	Proposition 38	School choice - Vouchers	Authorizes annual state payments of at least \$4,000 per pupil for qualifying private and religious schools as grants for new enrollees. Expands eligibility in phases; by fourth year, all children enrolled in qualifying schools are eligible. Permits Legislature to replace current constitutional funding priority and Proposition 98 guarantees for public schools with new minimum per-pupil public school funding at no less than national average. Restricts regulation of private schools. Exempts private schools from designated Uniform Building Code requirements. Requires academic testing in grant-redeeming schools.	Fail
CA	DA	Proposition 39	Local School Bond Approval	Authorizes bonds for construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation or replacement of school facilities if approved by 55% vote for projects evaluated by schools, community college districts, county education offices for safety, class size, and information technology needs. Accountability requirements include annual performance and financial audits on use of bond proceeds. Prohibits use of bond proceeds for salaries or school operating expenses. Requires facilities for public charter schools. Authorizes property taxes in excess of 1% limit by 55% vote, rather than current two-thirds, as necessary to pay school bonds.	Pass
CO	DA	Amendment 20	Medical Marijuana.	Legalizes marijuana for medical purposes.	Pass
CO	DA	Amendment 21	Tax Reduction	Amends TABOR - creates tax cuts.	Fail

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
CO	DS	Amendment 22	Gun Control	An initiative amendment to require background checks for guns purchased at gun shows.	Pass
CO	DA	Amendment 23	Increase in Education Spending	Providing additional k-12 funding	Pass
CO	DA	Amendment 24	Environmental - Growth Limitations	Citizen growth initiative.	Fail
CO	DS	Amendment 25	Abortion - Waiting Period	This measure insures the provision of complete and accurate information to allow a woman to make an informed choice as to whether to give birth or to have an abortion, to inform women of the limited services currently provided by clinics that provide abortions, and to insure that a woman's decision to have an abortion is truly an informed choice. To ensure that the woman's consent is voluntary and informed, the measure required a physician, or in some circumstances a qualified person, to provide certain information orally and in person to a woman at least twenty-four hours prior to the time that she has an abortion and specifies the information that must be conveyed. The measure requires any woman who is considering an abortion to certify in writing that she has received the required information. The measure also requires the department of public health and environment to publish annually and provide free upon request printed materials and an informational videotape concerning the agencies and services available to assist pregnant women, the support obligations of the father, the anatomical and physiological characteristics of unborn children at various gestational stages, the various abortion procedures and associated medical risks, and possible psychological effects. The measure makes an exception to the information requirements in emergency circumstances where an abortion is necessary to save the life or avert impairment of the mother. The measure makes it a class 5 felony to perform an abortion in violation of the provisions of the measure or to fraudulently alter or sign the certification that the required information was provided. The measure protects any woman who has an abortion from assessment of any criminal or civil penalty for violation of the measure.	Fail
CO	LA	Referendum A	Senior Citizens	Property tax relief for senior citizens.	Pass
CO	LA	Referendum B	Re-districting timetable	Re-districting timetable.	Pass
CO	LA	Referendum C	County surveyors	Allowing the appointment of county surveyors.	Fail
CO	LA	Referendum D	Obsolete language in constitution	Repealing obsolete parts of the constitution.	Pass
CO	LS	Referendum E	Expanding the State Lottery	Will allow Colorado to join the multi-state lottery.	Pass
CO	LS	Referendum F	Education funding	Concerning the retention of state revenues in excess of the constitutional limits on state fiscal year spending for a limited number of fiscal years to fund grants to be awarded to school districts for the purpose of funding programs that will improve academic performance in mathematics and science.	Fail
CT	LA	Question 1	Abolish County Sheriffs	Abolishing county sheriffs.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
FL	DA	Number 1	Developing statewide high speed monorail	To reduce traffic and increase travel alternatives, this amendment provides for development of a high speed monorail, fixed guideway or magnetic levitation system linking Florida's five largest urban areas and providing for access to existing air and ground transportation facilities and services by directing the state and/or state authorized private entity to implement the financing, acquisition of right-of-way, design, construction and operation of the system, with construction beginning by November 1, 2003.	Pass
FL	LS	Number 2	Circuit Court Judge Referendum	Shall the method of selecting circuit court judges in the judicial circuit be changed from election by a vote of the people to selection by the judicial nominating commission and appointment by the Governor with subsequent terms determined by a retention vote of the people?	Fail
FL	LS	Number 3	County Court Judge Referendum	Shall the method of selecting county court judges be changed from election by a vote of the people to selection by the judicial nominating commission and appointment by the Governor with subsequent terms determined by a retention vote of the people?	Fail
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 1	Appointment of legislators	A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to allow the Governor to appoint a replacement for any member of the General Assembly who has been convicted of a felony in a trial court of this state or the United States; to make editorial revisions; to provide for the submission of this amendment for ratification or rejection; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 2	Homeowners	A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to provide for a homeowner's incentive adjustment for the purpose of providing ad valorem property tax relief; to provide for calculation of adjustment amounts; to authorize the General Assembly to provide by general law for procedures and conditions; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 3	Law Enforcement	A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to authorize the General Assembly to provide a program of compensation for law enforcement officers who become physically disabled as a result of physical injury incurred in the line of duty and caused by a willful act of violence, which program shall authorize the officer to receive his or her regular compensation for the period of time that the officer is unable to perform the duties of his or her employment, not exceeding 12 months; to provide certain exceptions and limitations with respect to such program of compensation; to provide for the submission of this amendment for ratification or rejection.	Pass
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 4	Teachers	A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to authorize the General Assembly to provide by law for indemnification with respect to public school teachers, administrators, and employees who are killed or permanently disabled by an act of violence in the line of duty, a nonlapsing indemnification fund for such purposes, and dedication of revenue from special and distinctive motor vehicle license plates honoring Georgia educators to such fund; and for other purposes.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 5	State Employee Compensation	A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to provide that the General Assembly may provide by law for a program of indemnification with respect to the death or permanent disability of any state highway employee who is or at any time in the past was killed or permanently disabled in the line of duty; to provide that funds may be appropriated and insurance purchased for such purpose; to provide for submission of this amendment for ratification or rejection; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 6	Marine vessels	A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to provide that marine vessels may be classified as a separate class of property for ad valorem property tax purposes, and such class may be divided into separate subclasses for ad valorem purposes; to authorize the General Assembly to provide by general law for the ad valorem taxation of marine vessels including, but not limited to, providing for different rates, methods, assessment dates, and taxpayer liability for such class and for each of its subclasses and to do so without need for uniformity of taxation with other classes of property or between or within its subclasses; to provide for the submission of this amendment for ratification or rejection; and for other purposes.	Fail
GA	LA	Constitutional Amendment 7	State Court Judges	Proposing an amendment to the Constitution so as to change the experience requirement for eligibility for the office of state court judge; to provide for submission of this Amendment for ratification or rejection; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LS	Question A	Farm Equipment	A BILL to amend Code Section 48-5-41.1 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to exemption of certain agricultural products from ad valorem taxation, so as to provide an ad valorem tax exemption for certain farm equipment owned and used by family owned qualified farm products producers; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LS	Question B	Manual Labor Tools	A BILL to amend Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to exemption of property from ad valorem taxation, so as to increase the amount of the personal property exemption with respect to tools and implements of trade of manual laborers; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LS	Question C	Military	A BILL to amend Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 48 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to tax exemptions, so as to provide that any person who is a citizen and resident of Georgia and who is an unremarried surviving spouse of a member of the armed forces of the United States, which member has been killed in any war or armed conflict in which the armed forces of the United States engaged, shall be granted a homestead exemption from all ad valorem taxation for state, county, municipal and school purposes in the same amount as that to which a disabled veteran is entitled under other provisions of law; and for other purposes.	Pass
GA	LS	Question D	Ad Valorem Taxes	A BILL to amend Code Section 48-5-41 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to ad valorem tax exemptions, so as to provide an ad valorem tax exemption with respect to property of Elks Lodges; and for other purposes.	Fail

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
HI	LA	Amendment 1	University of Hawaii	Constitutional amendment to give UH autonomy in matters involving only the internal structure, management, and operation of the university.	Pass
HI	LA	Amendment 2	Tax Review Commission	Changes the appointment of a Hawaii tax review commission from every five years to every ten years starting in 2005.	Fail
HI	LA	Amendment 3	Reapportionment Commission	Shall the reapportionment commission be assigned the duty to maintain the staggering of senate terms in a manner that is equitable for all candidates in an election?	Pass
IA	LS	Amendment 1	Constitutional convention	The Iowa constitution requires that the voters be asked every ten year if they want to call a constitutional convention to amend the constitution.	Fail
ID	LA	Amendment H.J.R. 1	Public School Fund	Proposes an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Idaho, relating to the Public School Fund, to Change the name of the Public School Fund to the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund; to provide that the fund shall consist of proceeds from the Sale of school lands and amounts allocated from the Public School Earnings Reserve Fund; to provide that proceeds from the sale of school lands may be Deposited into a land bank fund to be used to acquire other lands within The state; and to provide that if those proceeds are not used to acquire other lands within a time provided by the Legislature, the proceeds shall be deposited into the Public School Permanent Endowment Fund, along with earnings on the proceeds.	Pass
ID	LA	Amendment S.J.R. 107	Municipal Bonds	Authorizes the legislature to enact laws establishing a bond bank authority to purchase municipal bonds or other municipal obligations and make loans to municipalities secured by municipal bonds or other municipal obligations	Pass
IN	LA	Public Question #1	Criminal Appeals Process	Criminal appeals. Amends the Constitution of the State of Indiana to remove the language requiring all appeals of cases involving a sentence of life imprisonment or a term greater than 50 years to be heard directly by the Indiana supreme court. (The effect of this change is that these appeals would be heard by the Indiana court of appeals.)	Pass
KS	LA	Amendment 1	State pension plans	The state shall not be a stock- holder in any banking institution, except that any retirement or pension plan authorized pursuant to the laws of this state may be a stockholder in any banking institution."	Pass
KS	LA	Amendment 2	Aircraft Taxes	SCR 1629 would allow the legislature to provide for separate classification and taxation of aircraft and watercraft upon a basis different from other property. A vote for this proposition would permit the legislature to provide for separate classification and taxation of aircraft and watercraft and to exempt such property from property taxation and impose taxes in lieu thereof. A vote against this proposition would continue the taxation of aircraft and watercraft in the same manner as all other property.	Fail
KY	LA	Constitutional Amendment #1	Legislative Sessions	Changes legislative sessions.	Pass
KY	LA	Constitutional Amendment #2	Railroad Commission	Abolishes the railroad commission.	Pass
LA	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 1 / Act 152	Industrial Development	Authorizes local governments to donate certain revenues for industrial development purposes	Fail

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
LA	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 2 / Act 48	Income Taxes	Deletes requirement that federal taxes paid are deductible from both corporate and individual income taxes; deletes current limitation on individual income tax rates; provides for a new limitation on individual income tax rates.	Fail
LA	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 3 / Act 49	Tax exemptions for food	Provides for exemption of food for home consumption, natural gas, electricity, and water from sales and use tax	Pass
LA	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 4 / Act 153	Economic Development	Constitutional amendment to authorize the creation and provide for powers, duties, and functions of a corporation to serve as a central source principal economic development organization of the state.	Fail
MA	LA	Question 1	Redistricting	Relating to redistricting.	Pass
MA	LA	Question 2	Prisoner Voting	Relating to prisoner voting.	Pass
MA	IDS	Question 3	Prohibition on dog racing	This proposed law would prohibit in Massachusetts any dog racing or racing meeting where any form of betting or wagering on the speed or ability of dogs occurs.	Fail
MA	IDS	Question 4	State income tax cut	This proposed law would repeal the law setting the state personal income tax rate on Part B taxable income (such as wages and salaries), which was 5.95% as of September 1, 1999, and would set the rate at 5.6% for tax year 2001, 5.3% for tax year 2002, and 5% for tax year 2003 and after. If the Legislature set a lower rate for any of those years, that lower rate would apply.	Pass
MA	IDS	Question 5	Comprehensive health care system	This proposed law would set up a state Health Care Council to review and recommend legislation for a health care system that ensures comprehensive, high quality health care for all Massachusetts residents. Until the Council decided that such a system has been set up, the proposed law would prohibit the conversion of non-profit hospitals, health maintenance organizations (hmos), and health insurance firms to for-profit status. The proposed law would also require health insurance carriers to provide certain rights to patients and health care professionals, starting January 1, 2001.	Fail
MA	IDS	Question 6	Commuter Tax Credit	Would allow a state personal income taxpayer a tax credit equal to the amount of tolls the taxpayer paid during the taxable year on all Massachusetts roads, highways, tunnels, and bridges, including the Massachusetts Turnpike and its Boston Extension, the Tobin Bridge, and the Sumner, Callahan, and Ted Williams Tunnels. Also, a corporation would be allowed a credit against its corporate excise tax in an amount equal to all such tolls paid during the taxable year by the corporation or by its employees in furtherance of the corporation's business.	Fail
MA	IDS	Question 7	Tax credit for charity giving	Would allow taxpayers who give to charity a state personal income tax deduction for those charitable contributions. A taxpayer could take a deduction from earned income, such as wages or salary, or an amount equal to his or her charitable contributions for the year. The taxpayer could take the deduction whether or not the taxpayer itemized deductions on his or her federal income tax return. The proposed law would apply to any contribution that met the definition of charitable contribution used under federal income tax law.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
MA	IDS	Question 8	Drug treatment, penalties and asset forfeiture	This proposed law would create a state Drug Treatment Trust Fund, to be used, subject to appropriations by the state Legislature, solely for the treatment of drug-dependent persons. The Fund would include fines paid under the state's criminal drug laws; money and the proceeds from selling property forfeited because of its use in connection with drug crimes.	Fail
MD	LA	Question 1 - Constitutional Amendment	Terms of Office	A legislative amendment referendum pertaining to the election and terms of office for Cecil County officers.	Pass
MD	LA	Question 2 - Constitutional Amendment	Land taking / Eminent Domain	Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Maryland to authorize the Prince George's County Council to provide for the immediate taking of specified property situated in the County when there is an immediate need for the property for redevelopment.	Fail
ME	IDS	Question 1	Physician-assisted suicide	This initiated bill creates the Maine Death with Dignity Act. It allows a mentally competent adult who is suffering from a terminal illness to request and obtain medication from a physician to end that patient's own life in a humane and dignified manner, with safeguards to ensure that the patient's request is voluntary and based on an informed decision.	Fail
ME	IDS	Question 2	Protection of Forests	This initiated bill sets limits on timber harvesting on land subject to the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law and requires that a landowner obtain a permit from the Maine Forest Service prior to undertaking harvesting activities that will result in a clear-cut. Total cutting activities and cutting activities for each species group may not exceed sustainable cutting levels for any rolling 10-year average. The yearly allowable cut levels may not be greater than the average annual growth during the past 10 years..	Fail
ME	IDS	Question 3	Gaming / Property tax relief	This initiated bill authorizes the operation of video lottery terminals at certain existing pari-mutuel facilities. The initiated bill establishes a regulatory framework for the operation of video lottery terminals, including standards for the registration of the terminals and the licensing of video lottery terminal manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers and operators. Video lottery terminal use is limited to the hours between noon and one hour after midnight. Video lottery terminal use by a person under 21 years of age is prohibited.	Fail
ME	LA	Question 4	Property taxes / commercial fishing	Would allow the Legislature to provide for the property tax assessment of waterfront land used for commercial fishing activities, based upon the value of its current use. The Constitution already authorizes this alternative method of property tax assessment for certain farmlands, woodlands, wildlife sanctuaries, and lands used for open space and recreation or the enjoyment of scenic natural beauty.	Fail
ME	LA	Question 5	Voting by mentally ill	Would authorize an amendment to the Constitution of Maine to remove the current prohibition on voting by persons who are under guardianship for reasons of mental illness. To qualify to vote in Maine, a person needs to be at least 18 years of age, to be a citizen of the United States, and to have an established residence in this state. If ratified, this amendment would remove the only restriction to voting that goes beyond these basic qualifications.	Fail

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
ME	LS	Question 6	Gay Rights	The legislation amends the Maine Human Rights Act to make it unlawful to discriminate against individuals based on their sexual orientation in decisions regarding employment, housing, access to public accommodations and the extension of credit. The legislation includes express language stating that it does not confer special rights to any person or group of persons and that it is not intended to add to or change any existing affirmative action requirements. The legislation also specifies that it does not require or prohibit the provision of employee benefits to an individual for the benefit of that individual's partner. Religious entities, including educational institutions and nonprofit organizations that are in whole or substantial part funded, controlled or managed by a religious corporation, are exempt from the new provisions of the Maine Human Rights Act relating to sexual orientation.	Fail
MI	DA	Proposal 1	School Choice / Vouchers	A petition to amend Article VIII of the Michigan Constitution by amending Section 2 and adding a Section 10 to: (1) Guarantee per-pupil funding in public schools; (2) require testing of teachers in academic subjects; and (3) allow local school districts to approve school choice plans which would provide tuition vouchers to support a pupil's attendance at a non-public school, and provide tuition vouchers to parents residing in school districts that fail to meet a minimum graduation rate standard of two-thirds.	Fail
MI	DA	Proposal 2	Home rule	Requires supermajority vote of legislature interfere in municipal affairs.	Fail
MO	LA	Constitutional Amendment No. 1	Budget Reserve Fund	Creates a budget reserve fund and requires a 2/3 vote of the legislature to tap into it.	Pass
MO	LA	Constitutional Amendment No. 2	Bingo	This joint resolution, if approved by voters, will amend Article III of the Missouri Constitution by allowing a person to participate in the management, conduct or operation of bingo if such person has been a bona fide member of the licensed organization for the six months immediately preceding such participation.	Fail
MO	LA	Constitutional Amendment No. 3	Commission on Compensation	Submitting to the qualified voters an amendment repealing section 3 of article XIII of the Constitution of Missouri relating to the Missouri citizens' commission on the compensation for elected officials, and adopting one new section in lieu thereof relating to the same subject.	Fail
MO	DS	Proposition A	Regulation of billboards	Prohibits new billboards from being constructed and restricts existing outdoor advertising along all National Highway System highways in Missouri.	Fail
MO	DS	Proposition B	Campaign finance reform	Allows candidates that abide by certain requirements (such as campaign spending limits) to receive taxpayer money for their campaigns.	Fail
MT	LA	CA-34	Investment of state compensation fund	Would allow the state to invest a maximum of 25% of the state compensation fund assets in private corporate capital stock.	Pass
MT	LA	CA-35	Tobacco Settlement Proceeds	An amendment to the Montana Constitution requiring the dedication of part of the tobacco litigation settlement money to a trust fund; and allows appropriation of part of the trust fund for tobacco disease prevention programs and programs related to health care needs.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
MT	DS	I-143	Game Farm Reform	This initiative would amend state law to prohibit all new alternative livestock ranches, also known as game farms. Existing game farms would be allowed to continue, but would be prohibited from transferring their license to anybody else. They also would be prohibited from allowing the shooting of any of their animals for a fee.	Pass
MT	LS	LR-115	Vehicle taxes	An act revising the taxation of certain vehicles; replacing the current system of taxation of automobiles, sport utility vehicles, and light trucks with a registration fee on light vehicles; allowing the owner of a light vehicle to register the vehicle for a 24-month period; allowing vehicles, including motorcycles and quadricycles, 11 years old and older to be permanently registered; revising the fee in lieu of tax on motorcycles and quadricycles; providing for distribution of the registration fee; repealing the sales tax on new moto vehicles; allowing a county to impose a local option fee on moto vehicles with voter approval.	Pass
MT	LS	LR-116	Repeal Inheritance Taxes	Repealing state inheritance taxes, providing state estate & generation skipping taxes apply to extend of applicable federal credit for each tax.	Pass
NC	LA	Bond Referendum	Higher Education	Authorizes th issuance of \$3.1 billion in Higher Education Improvement Bonds	Pass
ND	LA	Constitutional Measure 1	Hunting, trapping and fishing	Would provide that hunting, trapping, and fishing are a valued part of residents' heritage and will be preserved for the people and managed by law and regulation for the public good.	Pass
NE	DA	Initiated Measure No. 415	Establishing Term limits	This initiative amends Article III of the Nebraska Constitution by adding a new Section 12, which would limit members of the Nebraska Legislature to two consecutive terms. As a result, no person would be eligible to serve as a member of the Legislature for four years next after the expiration of two consecutive terms regardless of the district represented. Service prior to January 1, 2001, as a member of the legislature will not be counted for the purpose of calculating consecutive terms. For the purpose of this amendment, service in office for more than one-half of a term will be deemed service for a term.	Pass
NE	DS	Initiated Measure No. 416	Banning same-sex marriage	Ban on Same Sex Marriage.	Pass
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 1	Election of Lieutenant Governor	A constitutional amendment to change the method of nominating and electing the Lieutenant Governor.	Pass
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 2	Gender neutrality of constitution	A constitutional amendment to state that the language in the Constitution shall be construed to be gender neutral and to direct the Secretary of State to revise and reprint the Constitution to implement such construction	Fail
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 3A	Initiative and referendum	A constitutional amendment to change filing requirements for initiative petitions.	Fail
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 3B	Initiative and referendum	A constitutional amendment to identify the powers of initiative and referendum and to remove obsolete language.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 3C	Constitutional amendments, initiatives, and referenda	A constitutional amendment to change the election procedures for constitutional amendments to require two separate votes by the electorate.; A constitutional amendment to change filing requirements for initiative petitions.; A constitutional amendment to identify the powers of initiative and referendum and to remove obsolete language.	Fail
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 4	Judicial compensation	Dealing with the effective dates of compensation for the judiciary.	Pass
NE	LA	Proposed Amendment No. 5	legislative vacancies	Filling of legislative vacancies.	Pass
NH	LA	Question 1	Home rule for municipalities	This constitutional amendment-concurrent resolution provides home rule authority to municipalities, so that they may exercise such powers which are not prohibited by the state constitution, state statute, or common law and provides that the state shall retain the right of preemption over municipal powers and functions.	Fail
NJ	LS	Public Question No. 1	Redistribution of taxes to transportation	Dedication of petroleum products gross receipts tax and certain amounts from sales tax for the transportation system in this state	Pass
NJ	LA	Public Question No. 2	Sex offenders	Constitutional amendment to permit the legislature to authorize by law the disclosure to the general public of information concerning persons found to have committed a sex offense.	Pass
NM	LS	Bond Question A	Facility Improvement	A legislative statute referendum to establish the 2000 Capital Projects General Obligation Bond Act which authorizes the issuance and sale of senior citizen facility improvement and equipment bonds. Shall the state be authorized to issue general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed five million eight hundred twelve thousand five hundred sixty-seven dollars (\$5,812,567) to make capital expenditures for certain senior citizen facility improvements and equipment projects and provide for a general property tax imposition and levy for the payment of principal of, interest on and expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds and the collection of the tax as permitted by law?	Pass
NM	LS	Bond Question B	Public Education Bonds	A legislative statute referendum to establish the 2000 Capital Projects General Obligation Bond Act which authorizes the issuance and sale of public educational capital improvements and acquisition bonds. Shall the state be authorized to issue general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed fifty-eight million two hundred sixty-two thousand dollars (\$58,262,000) to make capital expenditures for certain public educational capital improvements and acquisitions and provide for a general property tax imposition and levy for the payment of principal of, interest on and expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds and the collection of the tax as permitted by law?	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
NM	LS	Bond Question C	Equipment Bonds	A legislative statute referendum to establish the 2000 Capital Projects General Obligation Bond Act which authorizes the issuance and sale of state facilities and equipment bonds. Shall the state be authorized to issue general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed twenty-six million two hundred twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$26,212,500) to make capital expenditures for state facilities and equipment and provide for a general property tax imposition and levy for the payment of principal of, interest on and expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds and the collection of the tax as permitted by law?	Fail
NM	LA	Constitutional Amendment 1	Making Bernalillo County an urban county	Proposing an amendment to article 10 of the constitution of New Mexico to permit Bernalillo county to become an urban County with all governmental powers that are not expressly Denied by law and to further permit Bernalillo county and Incorporated municipalities within Bernalillo county to choose to be governed by a single urban county government.	Pass
NM	LA	Constitutional Amendment 2	Eliminating term limits on county officials	Proposing an amendment to Article 10, Section 2 of the Constitution of New Mexico to eliminate term limits for county elected officials.	Fail
NV	LA	Question No. 1	Investment of state funds	Would allow investment of state money to stimulate economic development.	Fail
NV	DA	Question No. 2	Banning same sex marriage	Initiative Petition to amend the Nevada Constitution to provide that "Only a marriage between a male and a female person shall be recognized and given effect in this state."	Pass
NV	DA	Question No. 9	Medical Marijuana	Would add a new section providing for the use by a patient, upon advice of his or her physician, of a plant of the genus Cannabis for the treatment or alleviation of cancer; glaucoma' acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.	Pass
NY	LS	Proposal Number 1	Transportation Bonds	Would authorize \$3,800,000,000 in bonds for transportation infrastructure.	Fail
OH	LA	Issue 1	Conservation Bond Authorization	Relating to environment, conservation, preservation, and revitalization purposes, including authorizations of the issuance of general and other obligation of the state to pay costs related to those purposes.	Pass
OK	LA	State Question 684	School Trust Fund	This measure amends the State Constitution. It amends Sections 2, 3, and 5 of Article XI, which deal with the School Land Trust. The United States established the Trust to benefit the State's common schools and certain State universities. The permanent school fund is part of that Trust. That trust fund must now forever remain intact and the State can never diminish it. The State can now only use the trust fund's income to aid schools. The measure changes how the State could use the permanent school fund. The measure allows the State to use more than the fund's income to aid schools. The measure allows the State to diminish the fund itself to aid schools. The measure allows the State to use between 4 3/4% and 5 1/2 % of the market value of the fund for the last three years to aid common schools. The measure also allows the State to use more than trust income to aid the specified universities. The measure allows the State to also diminish the trust fund established to aid the universities. The measure does not set a limit on the amount of trust funds the State could use to aid the universities.	Fail

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
OK	LA	State Question 685	Funding for county health departments	Would allow an additional levy of up to 2 1/2 mills for county health departments. The new levy will only be allowed in counties with more than 500,000 persons.	Fail
OK	LA	State Question 686	State budget	Would let state colleges and universities make contracts with presidents for more than one year, but not more than three years. This measure also deletes some obsolete language.	Pass
OK	LA	State Question 688	Wine and Wineries	This measure amends the state constitution. It amends Section 3 of Article 28. Presently, wineries may sell their wine to consumers at the winery. They also may sell wine to wholesalers. They cannot sell wine to retail package stores. They cannot sell wine to restaurants. This act would allow Oklahoma wineries to sell their wine to retail package stores and restaurants in the state. They also could ship the wine directly to the retail package stores and restaurants that are licensed to sell liquor by the drink.	Pass
OK	LA	State Question 690	School Millage Elections	Eliminating annual elections for school millage levies.	Pass
OK	LA	State Question 692	Tobacco Settlement Proceeds	Creating a Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust Fund.	Pass
OR	DA	Measure 1	Education Funding	An initiative amendment for accountability and equity in school funding.	Pass
OR	DA	Measure 2	Administrative Rule Reform	Amends constitution: creates process for requiring legislature to review administrative rules	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 3	Asset Forfeitures	Limits asset forfeitures; restricts use of proceeds; declares penalty, reporting requirement.	Pass
OR	DS	Measure 4	Health Care - Tobacco Settlement Proceeds	An initiative statute to use tobacco settlement money for low-income health care.	Fail
OR	DS	Measure 5	Gun Control	An initiative statute to require background checks at gun shows.	Pass
OR	DS	Measure 6	Public financing of campaigns	Provides public funding to candidates who limit spending, private contributions	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 7	Private property valuation	Would require payment to landowner if government regulation reduces property value.	Pass
OR	DA	Measure 8	Limit state appropriations	Amends constitution: limits state appropriations to percentage of state's prior personal income	Fail
OR	DS	Measure 9	Teaching of homosexuality	Prohibits public school instruction encouraging, promoting, sanctioning homosexual, bisexual behaviors.	Fail
OR	LA	Measure 83	Creation of special fund for war veterans	Authorizes new standards, priorities for veterans' loans; expands qualified recipients	Pass
OR	LA	Measure 84	Payment of local governments for state mandated costs	Proposes amendment to Oregon Constitution to repeal section 15a of Article XI, which would have effect of retaining requirement that state government pay local governments for costs of state-mandated programs. Refers proposed amendment to people for their approval or rejection at next regular general election.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
OR	LA	Measure 85	Formation of counties	Proposes amendment to Oregon Constitution to allow formation of county with area of less than 400 square miles if new county has more than 100,000 inhabitants. Requires original county to retain population equal to or greater than new county at time of establishment. Refers proposed amendment to people for their approval or rejection at next special election held throughout this state or at special election held on same date as next biennial primary election, whichever occurs first.	Fail
OR	LA	Measure 86	Excess general fund to taxpayers	Amends Constitution: Requires return of excess general fund ("Kicker") revenues to taxpayers	Pass
OR	LA	Measure 87	Regulation of adult establishments through zoning	Allows regulation of location of sexually oriented businesses through zoning	Fail
OR	LS	Measure 88	Federal income tax deductions	Increases from \$3,000 to \$5,000 the allowable deductibility of federal income taxes	Pass
OR	LS	Measure 89	Dedicates use of tobacco settlement money by legislature	Allocates tobacco litigation settlement proceeds to finance specified health programs	Fail
OR	PR	Measure 90	Utility rate regulation	Ends Ban On Allowing Utilities Return On Retired-Property Investments	Pass
OR	DA	Measure 91	Federal income tax deduction	Under current Oregon law, personal income tax payers, including individuals, may deduct money paid in federal income tax; deduction generally limited to \$3,000. Currently, corporations paying Oregon income tax get no deduction for federal income tax. This measure makes all federal income tax paid by personal and corporate income taxpayers a deduction on the taxpayer's Oregon income tax returns. Applies only to federal income on income subject to Oregon taxation. Measure effective in tax years starting on or after January 1, 2000.	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 92	Payroll deductions / "pay check protection"	Prohibits payroll deductions for political purposes without specific written authorization	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 93	Vote requirement for tax increases	Amends constitution: requires voter approval of most new and increased taxes, fees	Fail
OR	DS	Measure 94	Mandatory minimum sentences	Repeals Mandatory Minimum Sentences For Certain Felonies, Requires Re-sentencing	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 95	Teacher pay	Amends constitution: job performance must determine public school teacher pay, job security	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 96	Initiative process	Prohibits increasing expense, difficulty of initiative process except through initiative	Fail
OR	DS	Measure 97	Banning traps/poisons	Restricts use of certain animal traps, poisons, commerce in fur.	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 98	Public funds for political purposes	Prohibits using public resources for political purposes; limits payroll deductions	Fail
OR	DA	Measure 99	Home care	Creates commission ensuring quality home care services for elderly, disabled	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
RI	LS	Question 1	Environmental Bonds	Approval of this question will authorize the State of Rhode Island to issue general obligation bonds and refunding bonds in an amount not to exceed \$34,000,000 for environmental and recreational purposes, specifically, the acquisition of open space for preservation and ground water protection and the development of public recreational facilities.	Pass
RI	LS	Question 2	Water Quality Bonds	Approval of this question will authorize the State of Rhode Island to issue general obligation bonds and refunding bonds in an amount not to exceed \$60,000,000 to provide funding for the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency which will be leveraged with federal and state capitalization grants to provide loans at a subsidized rate of zero percent to municipalities, governmental entities and non-governmental entities for the construction, repair, equipping and upgrading of water pollution abatement projects including, but not limited to, wastewater treatment facilities, nutrient reduction, sewers, combined sewer overflow Systems, restoration of aquatic habitats, and storm water treatment and to provide subsidized interest rate loans to community water systems, both privately and publicly owned, and non-profit non-community water systems for drinking water projects.	Pass
RI	LS	Question 3	Transportation Bonds	A legislative statute referendum. Transportation Bonds \$62,510,000 (Chapter 55 - Public Laws 2000). Approval of this question will authorize the State of Rhode Island to issue general obligation bonds and refunding bonds in an amount not to exceed \$62,510,000 to match federal funds and fund improvements to the State's highways, roads and bridges and to purchase buses for the Rhode Island Public Transit Authority's fleet.	Pass
RI	LS	Question 4	Higher Education Bonds	Higher Education Bonds \$36,950,000. Approval of this question will authorize the State of Rhode Island to issue general obligation bonds and refunding bonds in an amount not to exceed \$36,950,000 to fund improvements to the University of Rhode Island, Rhode Island College and the Community College of Rhode Island.	Pass
RI	LS	Question 5	Harbor Museum Bonds	A legislative statute referendum. Heritage Harbor Museum Bonds \$25,000,000 (Chapter 55 - Public Laws 2000). Approval of this question will authorize the State of Rhode Island to issue general obligation bonds and refunding bonds in an amount not to exceed \$25,000,000 for the creation, design, construction, furnishing and equipping of the Heritage Harbor Museum.	Fail
RI	LS	Question 6	Constitutional Convention	Question Proposed by the Governor (Rhode Island General Laws Section 17-5-2) Co-Equal Branches of Government. Should a Constitutional Convention be called to expressly establish that Rhode Island government consists of separate and co-equal legislative, executive, and judicial branches similar to the governments established by the United States Constitution and by the Constitutions of all 49 other states?	Pass
SC	LA	Number 1	Establishing Lottery	An amendment to section 7, article xvii of the Constitution of South Carolina, 1895, so as to delete references to the prohibition on lotteries, their advertising, and ticket sales and to provide that lotteries may be conducted only by the state and to provide for the use of the revenues derived from the lotteries.	Pass
SC	LA	Number 2	Property taxes	Relating to the reduction of assessment ratios on new property.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
SC	LA	Number 3	Vehicle taxes	An amendment to section 1, article x of the Constitution of South Carolina, 1895, relating to assessment ratios and classes of property for purposes of the property tax, so as to establish a new class of property consisting of personal motor vehicles which must be titled by a state or federal agency and limited to passenger motor vehicles and pickup trucks as defined by law assessed for property tax and nine and seventy-five hundredths percent of fair market value reduced in annual increments of seventy-five hundredths of one percent over six years to a permanent rate of six percent of fair market value and to provide that these revised assessment ratios and the new class of property applies for property tax years beginning after 2001 or in earlier tax years as the general assembly may provide by law.	Pass
SD	LA	Constitutional Amendment A	Property taxes	The Legislature shall make such provision by general taxation and by authorizing the school corporations to levy such additional taxes as with the income from the permanent school fund shall secure a thorough and efficient system of common schools throughout the state. The Legislature is empowered to classify properties within school districts into separate classes for purposes of school taxation. Taxes shall be uniform on all property in the same class.	Pass
SD	LA	Constitutional Amendment B	Initiative and referendum	On or after January 1, 2001, the voters of any unit of local government shall have the right to initiate proposals for cooperation within or between local governmental units, either within or without the state, except as the Legislature shall provide otherwise by law. Such proposals may include combining, eliminating, and joint financing of offices, functions, and governmental units. Such proposals shall be adopted if approved at an election by a majority of the votes cast thereon in each affected unit. A number not less than fifteen percent of those voting in the last preceding gubernatorial election in each affected jurisdiction may by petition initiate the question of whether to adopt the proposal at the next general election.	Pass
SD	DA	Constitutional Amendment C	Prohibits a state inheritance tax	No tax may be levied on any inheritance, and the Legislature may not enact any law imposing such a tax. The effective date of this section is July 1, 2001.	Pass
SD	DA	Constitutional Amendment D	Prohibit video lottery	Constitutional amendment prohibiting video lottery.	Fail
SD	LA	Constitutional Amendment E	Investment of state funds	Permit the investment of the permanent school funds in certain stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and other financial instruments and to use a certain portion of the interest and income to increase the principal in the fund.	Pass
SD	DS	Initiated Measure 1	Gambling / minimum bets	Initiated measure to change the maximum bet limit in Deadwood.	Pass
UT	DS	Initiative A	Establishing English as official language	Declaring english to be the official language for the conduct of government business in utah; requiring the return to the general fund of any funds appropriated or designated for providing services in another language; and providing exceptions.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
UT	DS	Initiative B	Asset Forfeiture	An act relating to forfeiture of assets and property; establishing uniform procedures for the forfeiture of property; forbidding forfeiture against innocent owners; permitting law enforcement officials to seize contraband and the proceeds and instrumentalities of crime; and providing that all property, assets, money or other things of value which are lawfully seized and forfeited be sold or auctioned and that all monies which result from the sale of forfeited assets be deposited in the uniform school fund.	Pass
UT	LA	Proposition 1	County Government	A joint resolution of the legislature proposing to amend the Utah constitution; clarifying status of counties; providing legislative intent; directing the lieutenant governor to include changes made by this joint resolution in previous joint resolution and to submit the previous joint resolution, as modified, to voters; and providing an effective date.	Pass
UT	LA	Proposition 2	Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund	A joint resolution of the legislature proposing to amend the Utah constitution; establishing a state trust fund; providing for principal to be held in perpetuity; providing for use of interest; directing the lieutenant governor to submit the proposal to voters.	Pass
VA	LA	Ballot Question 1	Lottery Proceeds	Adds a provision to the Virginia Constitution to establish a lottery proceeds fund.	Pass
VA	LA	Ballot Question 2	Hunting	Adds a provision to the Virginia Constitution declaring that people have the right to hunt and fish and harvest game.	Pass
WA	DS	Initiative 713	Banning traps / poisons	This measure would make it a gross misdemeanor to capture an animal with a steel-jawed leghold trap, neck snare, or other body-gripping trap. The director of fish and wildlife could grant special circumstance exceptions. It would also be unlawful to knowingly buy or sell an animal pelt trapped in this manner. It would also be a gross misdemeanor to poison any animal using sodium fluoroacetate (Compound 1080) or sodium cyanide. Violators would lose trapping licenses.	Pass
WA	DS	Initiative 722	Vote requirement for tax increases	This measure would declare null and void tax and fee increases adopted without voter approval by state and local governments between July 2, 1999, and December 31, 1999. Vehicles would be exempted from property taxes. The limit on property tax increases, starting with the 1999 valuation level, would be the lower of 2% per year or the inflation rate. A separate limit would apply to new construction, and maintenance improvements would be exempt from tax.	Pass
WA	DS	Initiative 728	Class size reduction	This measure would direct that certain existing state revenue, including all unobligated lottery revenue, be placed in a student achievement fund and in the education construction fund. Part of the state property tax levy would be distributed directly to school districts as student achievement funds. These distributions would not affect the state expenditure limit. The emergency reserve fund would be recalculated, and some of the redirected money would be placed in the student achievement fund.	Pass

State	Type	Measure Number	Subject Matter	Short Description of Measure	Pass/Fail
WA	DS	Initiative 729	School Choice / Charter Schools	This measure would authorize school districts and public universities to sponsor charter public schools. Charter public schools would be run by nonprofit corporations, accountable to their sponsors for financial and academic performance, but operated independently of school districts. Charter public schools would be open to all students and staffed by certified teachers, who could choose to unionize. Charter public schools would be exempt from most state school regulations, except in health, safety, and civil rights.	Fail
WA	DS	Initiative 732	Teacher pay	This measure would provide annual cost-of-living salary adjustments to school district employees, academic employees of community and technical college districts, and certain employees of technical colleges. The annual increase would be based on the consumer price index compiled for Washington State by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Beginning in 2001-2002, school districts and community and technical college districts would be required to spend their state-funded cost-of-living allocations on salary adjustments.	Pass
WA	DS	Initiative 745	Funding of road construction	This measure would require that 90% of state and local transportation funds, including local transit taxes but excluding ferry and transit fares, be spent on road construction, improvement, and maintenance. Road and lane construction and maintenance would be the top transportation priority. Performance audits of transportation and public transit agencies would be required. Materials and labor used in road construction or maintenance would be exempt for sales tax. Counties and cities would update transportation plans.	Fail
WA	LA	Senate Joint Resolution 8214	Invest state money in trust funds	Allows the state to invest various public pensions and trust funds.	Pass
WI	LA	Act 182	Voting rights	This law would extend the right to vote in federal elections in Wisconsin to adult children of U.S. citizens living overseas whose parents lived in Wisconsin, but who themselves never lived in Wisconsin.	Pass
WV	LA	Amendment # 1	Establishment of a family court	To amend the Constitution of West Virginia to permit the Legislature to establish a unified system of family courts with jurisdiction over family law and child welfare matters.	Pass
WY	LA	Constitutional Amendment B	Appointment of national guard officers	Would repeal the requirement that any person appointed to a military office, other than the offices of adjutant general, assistant adjutant general for the army national guard and assistant adjutant general for the air national guard, must be a qualified elector.	Pass